2nd Grade Social Studies

Then and Now





Effective Instruction Promotes

Reading a variety of primary and secondary sources so that it is possible to

- Determine the meaning and main idea, identifying and analyzing evidence, relationships, and supporting details.
- Interpret words, discipline-specific phrases, analyze text structure, and identify purpose, bias, and point of view.
- Evaluate an argument or claim citing evidence in support of, or against, the argument or claim.
- Analyze two or more texts on the same topic drawing conclusions about the similarities and differences.
- Comprehend complex and difficult text within the discipline.
- Identify and evaluate critical information communicated in multiple forms of media.

Writing clearly and coherently

- To support a claim, or make an argument using evidence, logic, and reasoning.
- To inform or explain an event, relationship, position, or opinion.
- To tell a story.
- So that each example is open to revision and rewriting.
- By applying the appropriate technologies for the purpose and audience.
- By gathering multiple sources of information and integrating them into short and long term projects.

Communicating effectively by

- Preparing and collaborating with diverse partners in conversations about topics within the discipline
- Evaluating information from various formats.
- Presenting information and evaluation to others in a manner that is not totally written text.
- Gathering and organizing information and evidence.
- Designing and delivering a presentation on a specific topic.
- Using multiple modes of communication and adjusting presentations to meet the requirements of the task or audience.

Effective Instruction includes: * Multiple perspectives and disciplines * Multiple causes and consequences * Use of primary sources * Authentic intellectual work * Higher order thinking * Literacy within the Social Studies * Multiple means of communication * Research and construction of knowledge * from the 2013 Kansas Standards for History, Government, and Social Studies (HGSS)



Social Studies Standards:

- Choices have consequences.
- Individuals have rights and responsibilities.
- Societies are shaped by beliefs, ideas, and diversity.
- Societies experience continuity and change over time.
- Relationships among people, places, and environments are dynamic.

History Benchmark:

The student 1) recognizes and evaluates, 2) analyzes the context and draws conclusions, 3) investigates examples and connects with contemporary issues, and 4) constructs/creates and justifies/defends claims related to the standards through the lens of history.

Essential questions: Why is it important to be a good decision maker? Which is more important – the rights you have as a citizen or the responsibilities you have as a citizen? How is a community affected by diversity? How has our economy changed over time? How does "place" affect people's lives?

(Formative and summative classroom assessments are included in each Social Studies Alive lesson. Social studies is not assessed at the district or state level.)

History Indicators	Skills, Concepts, and Content	Teaching Strategies and Resources
SSH2.1 Defines history as the	• Describes history as the story of the past.	Compelling questions:
story of the past.	(4.1)	Why is it important to study history? (Standards 1-5)
	• Defines the difference between past and	
	present. (4.1)	Resources:
		SSA Lesson 2 How Are Communities Different?
		SSA Lesson 9 How Do Communities Change?
		SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?
		SSA Lesson 13 What Does a Good Citizen Do?
		SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
		Online
		Games Children Play: Then and Now – Read Kansas! cards
SSH2.2 Sequences historical	Creates and uses a timeline of events in	Compelling questions:
events on a timeline.	Kansas over the course of the school year.	How does a timeline help you understand the sequence of events? (Standard 4)
	(4.4)	
		Resources:
		SSA Lesson 1 What Is a Community?
		SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?



History Indicators	Skills, Concepts, and Content	Teaching Strategies and Resources
SSH2.3 Compares life in the	Compares various forms of transportation in	Compelling questions:
past to life today.	Kansas and present. (4.3)	What can we learn when we compare life in the past to life today? (Standard4)
	Compares and contrasts the ways people	
	communicate with each other past and	Resources:
	present. (4.3)	SSA Lesson 2 How Are Communities Different?
	 Compares American Indian life and 	SSA Lesson 6 How Are Goods made and Brought to Us?
	communities at the time of the Pilgrims to	SSA Lesson 9 How Do Communities Change?
	American Indian life and communities today.	SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?
	(3.3 and 4.3)	SSA Lesson 11 How Can One Person Make a Difference?
	 Defines immigration and gives past and 	SSA Lesson 13 What Does a Good Citizen Do?
	present examples from Kansas. (5.3)	SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
		Online
		Kansans on the Move and My Daily Life in Kansas Read Kansas! cards available in your
		media center or online through the Kansas State Historical Society
		Immigration: Marijana's Story Read Kansas! cards
		Games Children Play: Then and Now – Read Kansas! cards
SSH2.4 Generates questions	 Analyzes why people immigrate and what 	Compelling questions:
about individuals and groups	immigrants contribute to Kansas. (1.3 and	How do people and events from the past influence our lives today? (Standards 1, 4,
who have made contributions	5.3)	and 5)
or shaped a significant	Recognizes and evaluates how inventors and	
historical change.	important inventions from the past influence	Resources:
	their life today. (4.3)	SSA Lesson 2 How Are Communities Different?
	Recognizes and evaluates how leaders from	SSA Lesson 5 How Do People Use Our Environment?
	the past made contributions in our life today.	SSA Lesson 6 How Are Goods made and Brought to Us?
	(1.3 and 4.3)	SSA Lesson 9 How Do Communities Change?
		SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change? SSA Lesson 11 How Can One Person Make a Difference?
		SSA Lesson 11 How can one person make a Difference? SSA Lesson 13 What Does a Good Citizen Do?
		SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
		SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share!
		Online
		Kansas State Capitol – Read Kansas! Cards
SSH2.5 Identifies different	Identifies different historical primary sources	Compelling questions:
kinds of historical sources.	(i.e. pictures, diary entries, photographs,	How do historical sources help us understand the past and appreciate the impact it has
	maps, video, audio, artifacts). (4.1)	on the present? (Standards 1-5)



History Indicators	Skills, Concepts, and Content	Teaching Strategies and Resources
		Resources:
		SSA Lesson 1 What Is a Community?
		SSA Lesson 2 How Are Communities Different?
		SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?
		SSA Lesson 11 How Can One Person Make a Difference?
		SSA Lesson 13 What Does a Good Citizen Do?
		SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
		Kansans on the Move and My Daily Life in Kansas Read Kansas! cards available in your
		media center or online through the Kansas State Historical Society
		Kansas State Capitol – Read Kansas! cards
		Games Children Play: Then and Now – Read Kansas! cards
SSH2.6 Analyzes historical	• Examines various historical primary sources	Compelling questions:
sources, artifacts, and	related to Kansas (i.e. pictures, diary entries,	What do historical sources tell us about the past? (Standard 4)
documents to study the past.	photographs, maps, video, audio, artifacts).	
(contextualization)	(4.1)	Resources:
		SSA Lesson 1 What Is a Community?
		SSA Lesson 2 How Are Communities Different?
		SSA Lesson 9 How Do Communities Change?
		SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?
		SSA Lesson 11 How Can One Person Make a Difference?
		SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
		Online
		Kansans on the Move and My Daily Life in Kansas Read Kansas! cards available in
		your media center or online through the Kansas State Historical Society
		Kansas State Capitol – Read Kansas! cards
		Games Children Play: Then and Now – Read Kansas! cards
SSH2.7 Generates possible	Looks at an event from the past and traces	Compelling questions:
reasons for an event or	the cause(s) of the event. (4.2)	Why is it important to know the cause of the event? (Standard 4)
development in the past.		
		Resources:
		SSA Lesson 1 What Is a Community?
		SSA Lesson 2 How Are Communities Different?
		SSA Lesson 9 How Do Communities Change?
		SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?



History Indicators	Skills, Concepts, and Content	Teaching Strategies and Resources
		SSA Lesson 13 What Does a Good Citizen Do?
		SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
SSH2.8 Identifies the maker,	• Looks for clues that identify the maker, date,	Compelling questions:
date, and place of origin for a	and place of origin for a historical source.	How do details in a primary source help you know about its source? (Standard 4)
historical source. (sourcing)	(4.1)	
		Resources:
		SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?
		SSA Lesson 11 How Can One Person Make a Difference?
		SSA Lesson 13 What Does a Good Citizen Do?
		SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
		Online
		Immigration: Marijana's Story Read Kansas! cards
		Kansas State Capitol – Read Kansas! cards
SSH2.9 Compares different	Understands that different people living at	Compelling questions:
accounts of the same	the same time in the past had different	How can someone know which account of an event is "more true"? (Standards 1 & 3)
historical event.	beliefs and ideas that shaped their accounts	
	of events. (3.2)	Resources:
	Understands that people writing accounts of	SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?
	the past today write them from their own	
	perspective. (3.2)	
SSH2.10 Compares	Develops an understanding of how	Compelling questions:
perspectives of people in the past to those of people in the	perspectives have changed from the past to the present (i.e. women's rights). (3.3)	Why is it important to consider various perspectives? (Standard 3)
present.	the present (i.e. women's rights). (5.5)	Resources:
		SSA Lesson 2 How Are Communities Different?
		SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?
		SSA Lesson 11 How Can One Person Make a Difference?
		SSA Lesson 13 What Does a Good Citizen Do?
		Online
		My Daily Life in Kansas Read Kansas! cards available in your media center or online
		through the Kansas State Historical Society
		Immigration: Marijana's Story Read Kansas! cards
		Kansas State Capitol – Read Kansas! cards



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Civics/Government Benchmark:

The student 1) recognizes and evaluates, 2) analyzes the context and draws conclusions, 3) investigates examples and connects with contemporary issues, and 4) constructs/creates and justifies/defends claims related to the standards through the lens of civics and government.

Essential questions: Why is it important to be a good decision maker? Which is more important – the rights you have as a citizen or the responsibilities you have as a citizen? How is a community affected by diversity? How has our economy changed over time? How does "place" affect people's lives?

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Civics/Government Indicators	Skills, Concepts, and Content	Teaching Strategies and Resources
SSC2.1 Describes the characteristics of a good leader and demonstrates leadership in the classroom.	 Connects Martin Luther King Jr. to other civil rights leaders in the U.S. such as Harriet Tubman, Rosa Parks, Ruby Bridges, and Jackie Robinson. (3.3) List the qualities of a good leader. (1.2) Performs leadership responsibilities throughout the year in the classroom. (2.3) 	Compelling questions: What is the consequence of having a good leader? What is a consequence of a poor leader? (Standards 1 & 2) How did civil rights leaders change how we live today? (Standards 1-5) Resources: SSA Lesson 5 How Do People Use Our Environment? SSA Lesson 9 How Do Communities Change? SSA Lesson 11 How Can One Person Make a Difference? SSA Lesson 12 How Do Leaders Help Their Communities? SSA Lesson 13 What Does a Good Citizen Do? SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
SSC2.2 Identifies and demonstrates key attributes of good citizens.	 Recognizes that citizens have responsibilities. (2.1) Organizes a list that reflects key attributes of good citizens (2.4) 	Compelling questions: What rights and responsibilities do good citizens have? (Standard 2)



Civics/Government Indicators	Skills, Concepts, and Content	Teaching Strategies and Resources
SSC2.3 Describes democratic principles	Describes and recognizes equality in	Resources: SSA Lesson 5 How Do People Use Our Environment? SSA Lesson 7 Who Provides Services in a Community? SSA Lesson 9 How Do Communities Change? SSA Lesson 11 How Can One Person Make a Difference? SSA Lesson 12 How Do Leaders Help Their Communities? SSA Lesson 13 What Does a Good Citizen Do? Compelling questions:
such as equality, fairness, and respect for authority and rules.	 various situations. (3.1) Recognizes and demonstrates respect for authority and rules (2.3) 	How would our classroom, community, and world would be different without equality, fairness, and respect for authority and rules? (Standards 2 & 3) Resources: SSA Lesson 12 How Do Leaders Help Their Communities? SSA Lesson 13 What Does a Good Citizen Do? SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
SSC2.4 Evaluates the need for rules and how they provide safety and order in the classroom community.	 Recognizes that the Constitution is a written plan for the rules of government. (2.1) Recognizes that many rules in America today and in the past are from the U.S. Constitution (2.3) 	Compelling questions: How do rules give you rights? (Standard 2) How do laws keep us safe? (Standards 1, 2, & 5) Resource Suggestions: SSA Lesson 11 How Can One Person Make a Difference? SSA Lesson 12 How Do Leaders Help Their Communities? SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
SSC2.5 Uses their knowledge about rules and citizenship to create rules for their classroom.	 Brainstorms rules for a safe community within classroom. (2.3) 	Compelling questions: How does having rules provide a safe classroom environment? (Standards 2 & 3)
SSC2.6 Defines what government is and why we need various government functions.	 Recognizes examples of governments. (2.1) Defines the purpose of government. (2.1) Defines some of the various functions of government (2.1) 	Compelling questions: How does the government impact the people of a community? (Standard 5) Resources: SSA Lesson 7 Who Provides Services in a Community? SSA Lesson 12 How Do Leaders Help Their Communities? SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
SSC2.7 Compares their own point of view with others' perspectives.	• Participates in collaborative conversations with diverse partners in a respectful manner (2.3)	Compelling questions: How does having a conversation with someone that has different ideas than your own affect your thinking? (Standard 3)



Civics/Government Indicators	Skills, Concepts, and Content	Teaching Strategies and Resources
		Resources: SSA Lesson 12 How Do Leaders Help Their Communities?
SSC2.8 Discusses how rights and privileges change over their lifetime and in different situations.	 Identifies the difference between a right and a privilege. (2.1) Describes how rights and privileges change over time, such as the right to vote at 18, sitting in the front seat of a car. (2.2) 	Compelling questions: How have your privileges at home and at school changed since you were younger? (Standards 2 & 4)



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Geography Benchmark:

The student 1) recognizes and evaluates, 2) analyzes the context and draws conclusions, 3) investigates examples and connects with contemporary issues, and 4) constructs/creates and justifies/defends claims related to the standards through the lens of geography.

Essential questions: Why is it important to be a good decision maker? Which is more important – the rights you have as a citizen or the responsibilities you have as a citizen? How is a community affected by diversity? How has our economy changed over time? How does "place" affect people's lives?

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Geography Indicators	Skills, Concepts, and Content	Teaching Strategies and Resources
SSG2.1 Constructs and records	• Recognizes and interprets map titles,	Compelling questions:
geographic information.	symbols, legends, compass rose,	How do maps tell us about people? (Standards 3, 4, 5)
	cardinal directions, grid systems, and scale. (5.1)	How can different maps show change over time? (Standard 4)
		Resources:
		SSA Lesson 3 What Is a Map?
		SSA Lesson 4 What Is Geography?
		SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
SSG2.2 Uses maps, globes, and other	 Uses maps to locate familiar places. 	Compelling questions:
geographic models to identify cultural	(5.1)	Why are maps important for locating familiar places? (Standard 5)
and environmental characteristics of	• Locates major geographical features	How are maps and other geographical tools useful to locate important landmarks?
places.	(Rocky Mountains, Missouri River,	(Standard 5)
	Gulf of Mexico, Kansas City, Wichita,	
	Topeka, Washington, D.C., Kansas,	Resources:
	and United States). (5.1)	SSA Lesson 2 How Are Communities Different?
	Locates important landmarks and	SSA Lesson 3 What Is a Map?
	historical sites (United States	SSA Lesson 4 What Is Geography?
	Capitol, White House, Kansas	SSA Lesson 5 How Do People Use Our Environment?



Geography Indicators	Skills, Concepts, and Content	Teaching Strategies and Resources
<u> </u>	Capitol, Statue of Liberty,	SSA Lesson 9 How Do Communities Change?
	Washington Monument, Jefferson	SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?
	Memorial, and Lincoln Memorial).	SSA Lesson 11 How Can One Person Make a Difference?
	(3.1, 5.1)	SSA Lesson 13 What Does a Good Citizen Do?
		SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
		Online
		Kansas State Capitol – Read Kansas! cards
SSG2.3 Has an appreciation for cultures	• Identifies characteristics of culture.	Compelling questions:
and diversity.	(3.1)	How are various cultures reflected in our community? (Standard 3)
	Compares and contrasts different	How does diversity strengthen a community? (Standards 3, 5)
	cultures. (3.2)	Resources: Online
	• Defines diversity. (3.1)	Immigration: Marijana's Story Read Kansas! cards
		Kansas State Capitol – Read Kansas! cards
SSG2.4 Identifies some cultural and environmental characteristics of specific places and how these characteristics affect people's lives in a place or region.	 Explains the importance of landmarks and historical sites today (United States Capitol, White House, Kansas Capitol, Statue of Liberty, Washington Monument, Jefferson Memorial, Lincoln Memorial). (3.1, 4.1, 5.1) Identifies characteristics of urban, suburban, and rural areas. (5.1) Identifies the past and present settlement or development patterns of his/her community. (4.1, 5.1) 	Compelling questions: How does the history behind landmarks make them valuable today? (Standards 3 & 4) Resources: SSA Lesson 1 What Is a Community? SSA Lesson 2 How Are Communities Different? SSA Lesson 4 What Is Geography? SSA Lesson 5 How Do People Use Our Environment? SSA Lesson 6 How Are Goods made and Brought to Us? SSA Lesson 9 How Do Communities Change? SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change? SSA Lesson 11 How Can One Person Make a Difference? SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share? Online



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Economics Benchmark:

The student 1) recognizes and evaluates, 2) analyzes the context and draws conclusions, 3) investigates examples and connects with contemporary issues, and 4) constructs/creates and justifies/defends claims related to the standards through the lens of economics.

Essential questions: Why is it important to be a good decision maker? Which is more important – the rights you have as a citizen or the responsibilities you have as a citizen? How is a community affected by diversity? How has our economy changed over time? How does "place" affect people's lives?

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Economics Indicators	Skills, Concepts, and Content	Teaching Strategies and Resources
SSE2.1 Explains how scarcity necessitates	Defines the challenges of limited	Compelling questions:
decision making.	resources. (5.1)	What are the consequences of limited resources? (Standards 1 & 5)
		Resources:
		SSA Lesson 5 How Do People Use Our Environment?
		SSA Lesson 8 How Can I Be a Smart Consumer?
		SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?
		SSA Lesson 12 How Do Leaders Help Their Communities?
		SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
SSE2.2 Identifies the costs and benefits	• Explains the advantage of choosing	Compelling questions:
of making various personal decisions.	to save or spend money that is	What are the consequences of your spending choices? (Standards 1 & 2)
	earned or received. (1.2)	Why is it responsible to have a budget? (Standards 1 & 2)
	• Defines a budget as a plan for	
	spending or saving. (1.1)	Resources:
		SSA Lesson 8 How Can I Be a Smart Consumer?
		SSA Lesson 9 How Do Communities Change?
		SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?
		SSA Lesson 12 How Do Leaders Help Their Communities?



Economics Indicators Skills, Concepts, and Content **Teaching Strategies and Resources SSE2.3** Understands the concept of • Develops an awareness of the origin **Resources:** exchange and the use of money to of exchange, past and present. (4.1) SSA Lesson 8 How Can I Be a Smart Consumer? purchase goods and services today and • Describes how money is used to SSA Lesson 9 How Do Communities Change? SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change? in the past. purchase goods and services. (5.1) SSA Lesson 12 How Do Leaders Help Their Communities? • Understands the value of money and what it represents. (5.1) **SSE2.4** Explains how and why people Gives examples of different types of **Compelling questions:** • Why are jobs important? (Standards 3 & 5) earn income. work in the community today and How does the work people do at their jobs contribute to their community? in the past. (4.1) (Standards 2 & 5) **Resources:** SSA Lesson 7 Who Provides Services in a Community? SSA Lesson 9 How Do Communities Change? SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change? SSA Lesson 12 How Do Leaders Help Their Communities? **SSE2.5** Describes the role of banks in **Compelling questions:** Explains the role of a bank, such as How would our world be different without banks? (Standard 5) an economy. for depositing money, processing deposits and payments, making loans. (5.1) **Resources:** Explains the importance of saving SSA Lesson 8 How Can I Be a Smart Consumer? money. (1.2) **SSE2.6** Describes the skills and Identifies examples of consumers **Compelling questions:** How do goods and services meet our needs and wants? (Standard 5) knowledge required to produce certain and producers. (5.1) goods and services. Understands the skills necessary to produce goods and services. (2.2, **Resources:** SSA Lesson 5 How Do People Use Our Environment? 5.2) SSA Lesson 6 How Are Goods made and Brought to Us? SSA Lesson 7 Who Provides Services in a Community? SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change? SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share? SSE2.7 Describes why people in one **Compelling questions:** Investigates reasons countries trade • country trade goods and services with goods and services. (5.2) Why would one country want to trade with another country? (Standard 5) people in other countries. Why is it important to exchange goods with other countries? (Standard 5) • Identifies goods and services that are produced in other countries.



Economics Indicators	Skills, Concepts, and Content	Teaching Strategies and Resources
	 (5.1) Investigates various products that are sold domestically and produced abroad. (5.2) Describes products that are produced abroad and sold domestically and products that are produced domestically and sold abroad. (5.2) 	Resources: SSA Lesson 5 How Do People Use Our Environment? SSA Lesson 6 How Are Goods made and Brought to Us? SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change? SSA Lesson 14 What Do Communities Share?
SSE2.8 Recognizes that scarcity of something increases its value.	• Defines supply and demand. (5.1)	Compelling questions: How has the supply and demand for certain items changed over time? (Standards 4 & 5) Resources: SSA Lesson 10 How Did One Community Change?